



Year 6 —Spring Term 2

Darwin's Delight

Geography: Great Galapagos



Key Vocabulary	
biomes	The climate of a place and the things that live there.
climate	the average measurements of temperature, wind, humidity, snow, and rain in a place over the course of years.
climate zone	Areas around the world with specific patterns of weather.
distinct	Different or set apart; separate; special or unique.
natural resources	Anything that is found in nature that can be used by living things such as water, plants, animals, minerals and even air.
Vegetation belt	The plant life (or <i>flora</i>) of a certain area of the planet.

Key Facts	
Where are the Galapagos Islands?	The Galápagos Islands are a chain of islands, or archipelago, in the eastern Pacific Ocean. They are part of the country of Ecuador, in South
What is the climate of the Galapagos Islands?	The Galapagos Islands are on the Equator but the weather is not tropical. Temperatures range from 21°-30°C. There is a warm season from January to June and a dry season is from July to December.
What are human features of the Galapagos Islands?	Only four of the archipelago's thirteen major islands have people living on them. That means that although there are cities, 98% of the area is a na-
What are physical features of the Galapagos Islands?	The islands are very rocky, due to being formed from volcanic eruptions over time. This makes the land extremely fertile although it can be a tough place for wildlife to thrive.



This half term, our Big Question is...

What makes the Galapagos Islands so unique?





What do we already know?

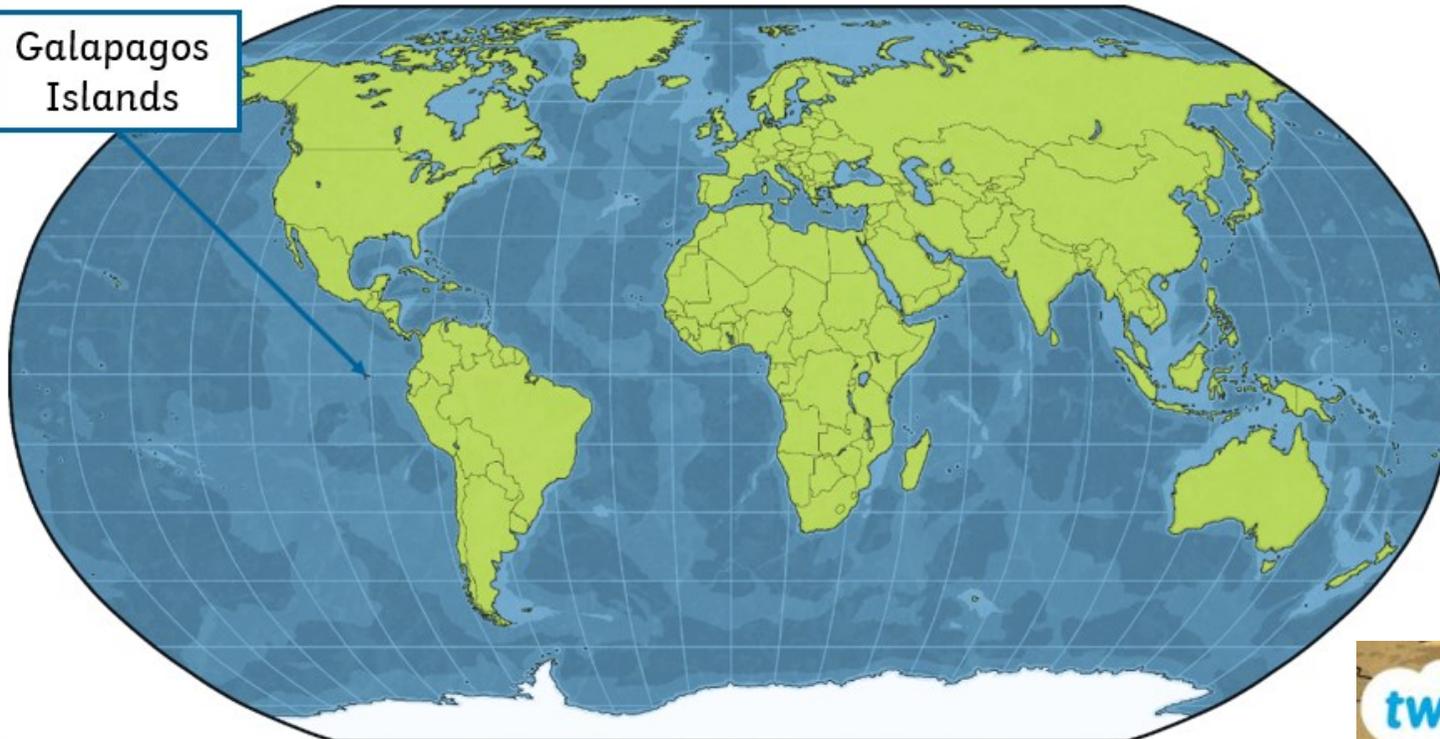
So far...

So far, we have learned about the different ways the geography of a place can be described.

So far, you have thought about what a place may be like and we have used maps and arial images to do this.

In Year 5, you planned a journey to another part of the world with support.

In Year 5, you learned about climate zones and biomes.



Galapagos
Islands

